Applicant : Abraham Phillip Lee
Appl. No. : 10/777,470
Examiner : Mui, Christine T
Docket No. : 703538.4033

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

 (Currently Amended) A method of forming droplets comprising the steps of: forming a sheath flow from three inlet streams wherein a first stream comprising a first solution is sandwiched between second and third streams comprising a second solution; and

dissolving a first type of amphiphilic molecules in the second solution;

generating a droplet from the first stream by controlling shear forces generated by the second and third streams acting upon the first stream, wherein the step of generating a droplet includes encapsulating the droplet with the amphiphilic molecules to form a monolayer vesicle;

passing the monolayer vesicle through the first and second solution interface to form a bilayer vesicle, wherein the first and second solution interface is formed by a third solution flowing through two downstream input channels.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second solution comprise immiscible fluid solutions.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first solution comprises an aqueous solution and the second solution comprises a solvent solution.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first solution comprises an aqueous solution and the second solution comprises an oil solution.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising a step of dissolving a reagent in the first solution.
 - 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the reagent comprises a drug.
 - 7. (Cancelled)
 - 8. (Cancelled)

Abraham Phillip Lee Applicant Appl. No. 10/777,470 Examiner Mui, Christine T

Docket No. 703538.4033

9. (Cancelled)

10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9-1, wherein the first and second

solution interface comprises a second type of amphiphilic molecule.

11.(Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the second type of amphiphilic

molecule is different from the first type of amphiphilic molecule.

12.(Cancelled)

13.(Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising dissolving a first type of

polymer molecules in the second solution.

14.(Canceled)

15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein controlling shear

forces comprises increasing flow rates of the second and third streams.

16. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising controlling flow rates of

the three inlet streams.

17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16 43, wherein the flow rates are

controlled by one or more pumps.

18. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising manipulating the flow

rate of the first solution to control the rate of droplet formation, wherein the first solution

comprises an aqueous solution.

19. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising increasing the flow rate

of the second solution to decrease the size of the droplets formed, wherein the second

solution comprises an oil solution.

20. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising decreasing the flow rate

of the second solution to increase the size of the droplets formed, wherein the second

-3-

 Applicant
 :
 Abraham Phillip Lee

 Appl. No.
 :
 10/777,470

 Examiner
 :
 Mui, Christine T

 Docket No.
 :
 703538.4033

solution comprises an oil solution.

21. – 37. (Cancelled)

38.(Currently Amended) A microfluidic device for manufacturing droplets comprising:

a first input microchannel comprising a first solution;

second and third input microchannels comprising a second solution;

a microchannel junction in communication with the first, second and third input microchannels;

a plurality of pumps in communication with the three input microchannels to direct flow through the microchannels to the microchannel junction;

an output channel in communication with the microchannel junction wherein the output channel is set to receive droplets formed from shearing forces at interfaces between the first solution and the second solution; and

a droplet processor, wherein the droplet processor comprises a droplet splitter including a splitter input channel, two or more daughter channels in communication with the splitter input channel, a corner wall junction disposed between the daughter channels, and a second plurality of pumps in communication with the daughter channels, wherein the pumps generate a pressure gradient between the daughter channels to split a droplet at the corner wall junction of the daughter microchannels.

- 39. (Cancelled)
- 40. (Original) The microfluidic device of claim 38, wherein the droplet processor comprises a droplet sorter including:
 - a sorter input channel;
 - a daughter channel in communication with the sorter input channel;
- a second plurality of pumps in communication with the sorter input channel and the daughter channel, wherein the pumps generate a pressure gradient between the daughter channel and the sorter input channel to sort droplets.

Applicant : Abraham Phillip Lee
Appl. No. : 10/777,470
Examiner : Mui, Christine T
Docket No. : 703538.4033

41.(Original) The microfluidic device of claim 38, wherein the droplet processor comprises a droplet fuser including:

a first fusion input channel;

a second fusion input channel in communication with the first fusion input channel and having a necked region of reduced width;

a fusion channel junction in communication with the first and second fusion input channels;

a fusion output channel in communication with the fusion output junction.